Facing Our Sustainability and Resiliency Challenges

Panel:

Pam Knox, University of Georgia Department of Geography

Courtney Reich, Goodwyn Mills and Cawood Mayor Kelly Girtz, Athens-Clarke County

Moderator:

Katherine Moore, Georgia Conservancy

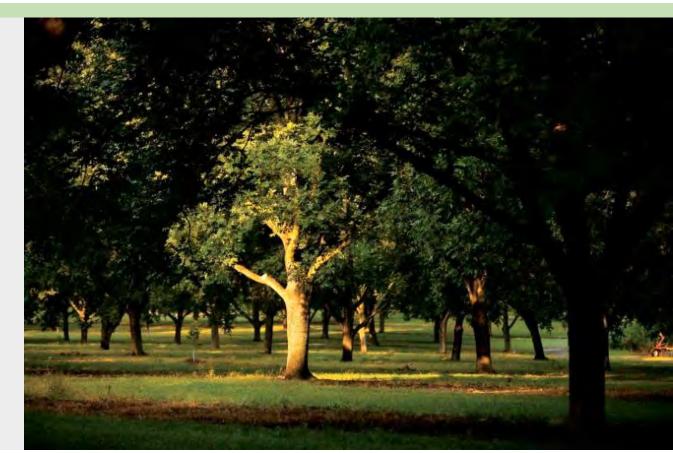


Photo c/o Farm Flavor.



Community Resilience (n.): The capacity of individuals, communities, institutions, businesses, and systems...to survive, adapt, and grow, no matter what kinds of chronic stresses and acute shocks they experience."

~100 Resilient Cities

Building resilient places and systems:

- minimizes consequences from acute shocks
- lessens impact of daily stressors
- enhances quality of life



Resilience is challenged by various types of threats:

Natural	Man-
Earthquakes	• Mac Cisruptions & blackouts
Tornadoes	Nuclear power failures
 Landslides & debris flow 	
	Biological weapons
 Floods & flash floods 	Chemical spills
Hurricanes & tropical stormsHail	Explosions
 T-storms & lightning 	Cyber attacks
 Winter & ice storms 	
High winds	
Wildfires	Hazardous materials
	Radiological emergencies
Extreme heat	
Drought	Civil unrest
 Agricultural disease & pests Emergency diseases 	
Emergency diseases	



Resilience is challenged by various types of threats:

		Ν	Natural		Man-
	Acut e	•	Earthquakes Tornadoes Landslides & debris flow Floods & flash floods Hurricanes & tropical storms Hail	•	Naci e isruptions & blackouts Nuclear power failures Biological weapons Chemical spills Explosions
		•	T-storms & lightning Winter & ice storms High winds	•	Cyber attacks
C	hroni c	•	Wildfires Extreme heat Drought Agricultural disease & pests Emergency diseases	•	Hazardous materials Radiological emergencies Civil unrest



Sustainable Development (n.):

Development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

~UN World Commission on Environment and Development

Sustainability often has multiple benefits:

- Environmental
 - Fiscal
 - Social
 - Economic

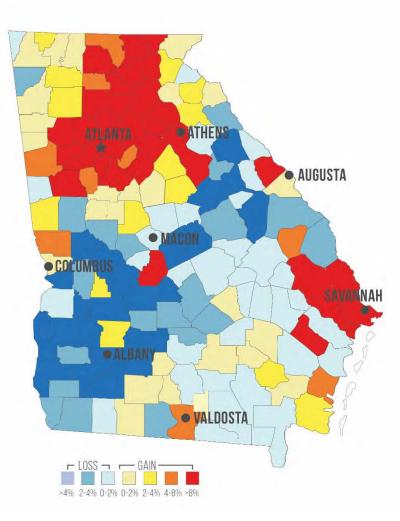
Sustainability and resilience are different concepts, although sustainable practices can contribute to resilience.

A stable community should have both sustainable practices and be resilient.



Resilience and sustainability efforts in Georgia must consider <u>scale</u> and <u>community type</u>.





83% of Georgia's land is classified as <u>Rural</u> or <u>Non-Metro</u>.

Georgia is growing overall, but some counties are contracting.

